

Advanced Technical Skills (ATS) North America

zPCR Capacity Sizing Lab

SHARE - Sessions 10001/9667

August 11, 2011

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Materials created by John Fitch and Jim Shaw

IBM





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zPCR Capacity Sizing Labs

Part 1 - Intro and Overview

- zPCR Introduction with C V7.4
- Includes Advanced Mode Update
- What's new in zPCR V7.4

Part 2 – Hands-on Lab

- 1 Exercise to demonstrate the use of Advanced Mode functions in zPCR
 - 6 Tasks
 - 2 optional specialty engine considerations
- Use as a refresher



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zPCR Capacity Sizing Lab – Part 1 Introduction and Overview

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Agenda

- Introducing zPCR
- LSPR Background
- MIPS Tables Vs. zPCR LPAR Configuration Capacity Planning
- zPCR Basic Mode
- zPCR Advanced Mode
- Update on zPCR C V7.4
- Where to get more Information
- Summary



Introducing zPCR

- Provides capacity relationships for System z processors, considering
 - LPAR configuration
 - SCP/workload environment
 - Use of specialty CPs (zAAP, zIIP, IFL, and ICF)
- Based on IBM Large Systems Performance Reference (LSPR)
- The IBM tool to properly size mainframe upgrades
 - Expected accuracy of ±5%
- A PC based tool written in Java for Windows XP/Vista/7
 - Available to customers since 10/2005
 - "As Is", no charge tool available from the web
- New Processor Announcements available in zPCR for:
 - IBM Account Teams at Announcement
 - Customers generally within 30 days after Announcement



Introduction to LSPR

A set of representative SCP/workload environments

- SCPs: z/OS, z/VM, and Linux on System z
- Workload categories: Low ←Relative Nest Intensity → High
- Current LSPR workload categories: Low, Average, High
- zPCR extends published categories
 - Low-Avg
 - Avg-High
- A methodology focused on processor capacity
- No significant external constraints
- Equivalent (reasonably high, e.g. >= 95%) processor utilization

A metric to communicate the results

- ITR: Internal Throughput Rate
- Transactions or Jobs per processor busy second

Information stored on the web

https://www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/lib03060.nsf/pages/lsprindex?OpenDocument



New LSPR Workload Categories

- Various combinations of prior workload primitives are measured on which the new workload categories are based
 - Applications include CICS, DB2, IMS, OSAM, VSAM, WebSphere, COBOL, utilities
- Low (relative nest intensity)
 - Workload curve representing light use of the memory hierarchy
 - Similar to past high scaling workload primitives
- Average (relative nest intensity)
 - Workload curve expected to represent the majority of customer workloads
 - Similar to the past LolO-mix curve
- High (relative nest intensity)
 - Workload curve representing heavy use of the memory hierarchy
 - Similar to the past DI-mix curve
- zPCR extends published categories
 - Low-Avg
 - 50% Low and 50% Average
 - Avg-High
 - 50% Average and 50% High



RNI-based Workload "Hint" Decision Table

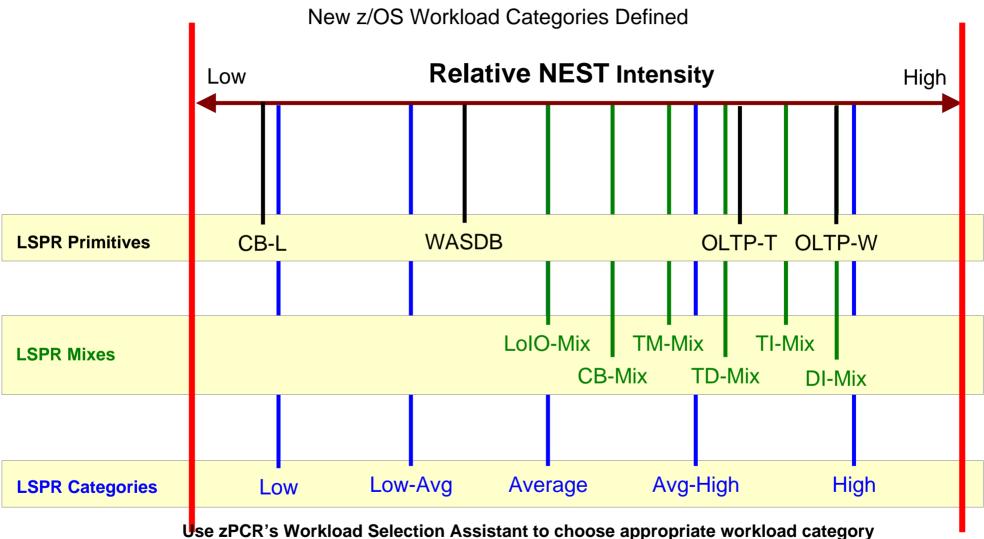
L1MP	RNI	Workload Hint
<3%	>= 0.75 < 0.75	AVERAGE LOW
3% to 6%	>1.0 0.6 to 1.0 < 0.6	HIGH AVERAGE LOW
>6%	>=0.75 < 0.75	HIGH AVERAGE

Notes: applies to z10 CPU MF data table may change based on feedback



zPCR Workload Characterization for z/OS

"Scope of Work" Definition Change



Automated with EDF input into zPCR

Note: Workload selection is automated in zCP3000



LSPR Data

- LSPR data is built from a set of benchmarks running representative workloads
- Over time, LSPR benchmarks are changed to reflect changes in processor architecture, operating system capabilities, and new patterns for production workloads
- Cannot directly compare relative processor capacity across different versions of LSPR benchmarks



LSPR Tables

- Multi-image (MI) Processor Capacity Ratio table
 - -Median complex LPAR configuration for each model based on customer profiles
 - Most representative for vast majority of customers
 - Same workload assumed in every partition
 - -z/OS only
 - –Used for "high level" sizing
 - Used to develop the MSU rating
- Single-image (SI) Processor Capacity Ratio table
 - One z/OS partition equal in size to N-way of model (limit to max CPs supported by SCP version)
 - Representative for truly single image z/OS cases
 - Used as the base for zPCR LPAR Configuration Capacity Planning



MIPS Tables Vs zPCR

MIPS Tables

- Adequate for Business Planning
 - High level sizing for hardware and software budget planning
 - Based on "averages"
- Must be referenced to a specific set of LSPR benchmarks or invalid

zPCR Sizing - LPAR Configuration Capacity Planning

- Detailed Capacity Sizing based on:
 - Specific LPAR configuration (number, weights, and logical processors)
 - Specific SCP/workload mix
 - Specific use of specialty engines (zAAP, zIIP, IFL, and ICF)
- Built around concept of a Reference CPU



What is new in zPCR C V7.4

Available since July 22, 2011

New z114 Processors supported

LPAR Configuration Capacity Planning

- New function provides the ability to test the effect on capacity for the entire LPAR configuration with various alternative LCP count settings for shared GP partitions. The possible settings include
 - Unparked LCPs only (as read from EDF or RMF),
 - Moderate or Minimum (based on partition weights), and
 - User defined overrides. Any single set of LCP settings may be committed to the LPAR configuration if desired.

Enhanced RMF support

- HiperDispatch parked logical CPs, when identified in the report, are now shown on the window prior to transfer into zPCR.
 - Note: that reports generated by z/OS 1.10 and above are supported

Basic Mode enhanced

- Capability has been added to display Specialty engine partitions beneath their associated GP partition in addition to the current Separate by Pool order. The Table View Controls group box has been enhanced to provide this capability.
- LCP:RCP Ratio information has been added to the Capacity Summary by Pool group box.



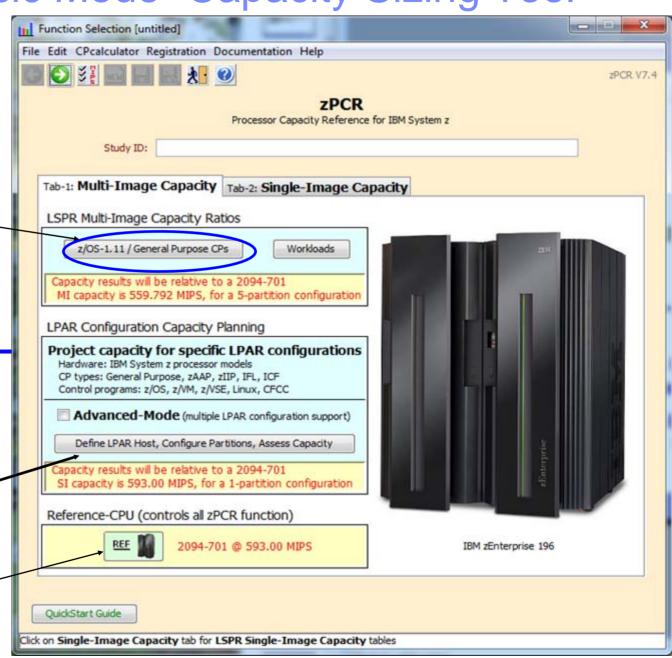
zPCR 7.4 "Basic Mode" Capacity Sizing Tool

MIPS Table

LSPR Multi-Image

zPCR LPAR
Configuration
Capacity Planning

Built on LSPRSingle-Image
MIPS Table





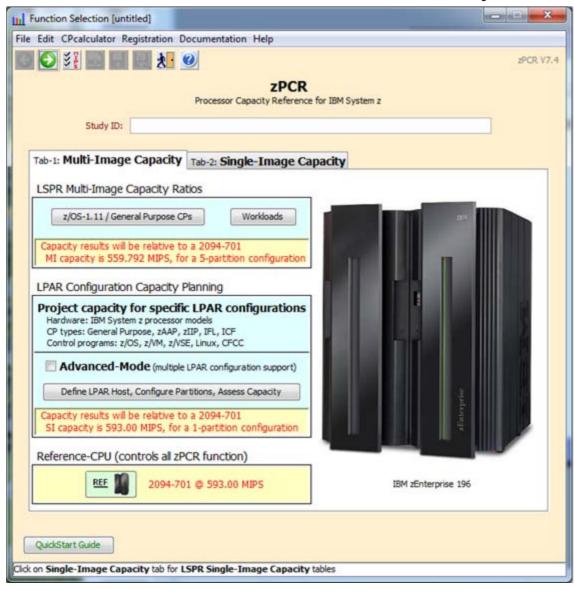
zPCR V7.4 Basic Mode ...

- Operates on 1 LPAR configuration at a time.
- Operates the same as previous releases of zPCR
 - v5.4 and before
- All files created with zPCR 5.4 and before are "Basic Mode".
- All files created with zPCR 6.x and beyond in "Basic Mode" are "Basic Mode"



Introducing zPCR C V7.4 – Advanced Mode

Available for Customers since July 26, 2011





zPCR Advanced Mode

Provides Capacity Comparisons between 2 LPAR configurations

- The "Current" Vs "Alternate" (Alt-1, Alt-2, Alt-3, Alt-4, Alt-5)
 - User can rename these to what ever they wish up to 20 characters
- More efficient than running zPCR multiple times and manually comparing the results
- Ability to drag & drop RMF partition reports, zPCR files and *EDF files onto "Current" & "Alternate"

Is recommended when comparing capacity changes that include:

- Changing the LPAR host processor family
- Changing the LPAR host processor's CP configuration
- Changing the way that one or more partitions are defined, (e.g. weights, LCPs, SEs)
- Adding one or more new partitions
- Deleting one or more current partitions.

For Capacity Comparisons to be useful, configurations being compared should both contain some or all of the same partitions

(i.e., in terms of partition type, name, SCP, and workload).

Note: EDF (Enterprise data Files) are new with zPCR 7.x and are created using CP3KEXTR

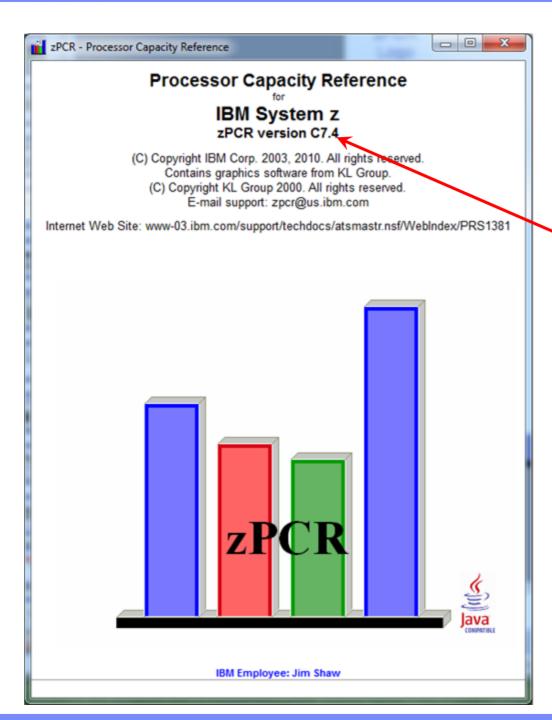


Summary of Advanced Mode function

- Multiple LPAR configurations (currently limited to six) can be defined
- Several additional windows and functions are available
 - LPAR Host / Partition Comparison Reports- To compare capacity results between LPAR configurations
 - Margin of Error Consideration To show the effect on capacity when ±5% margin-of-error is applied
 - Optimize SHR LCPs To optimize LCPs
 - LPAR Host Capacity Summary To show summary of MIPS by pool type for Current and all Alternates
- All capacity values are based on a single Reference-CPU setting
 - The MI and SI tables will be viewed using Reference-CPU settings that are consistent between them
 - The MI Reference-CPU setting is based on the Reference-CPU setting as specified in the LSPR FAQ
 - 1-way processors only
- The Reference-CPU can be calibrated for the first LPAR configuration only to produce a desired capacity result
- The Workloads window, used to customize the MI table view, must be accessed from either of the LSPR Processor Capacity Ratios tables,
 - since the Function Selection window is no longer accessible



zPCR Logo Window



Version Identification

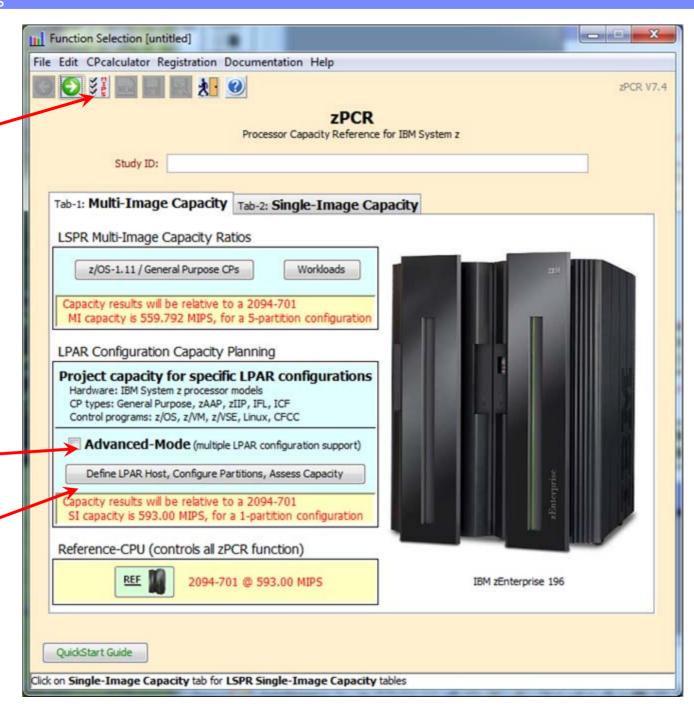


zPCR Function Selection Window

Set "Startup" preferences

Select "Advanced-Mode" check box

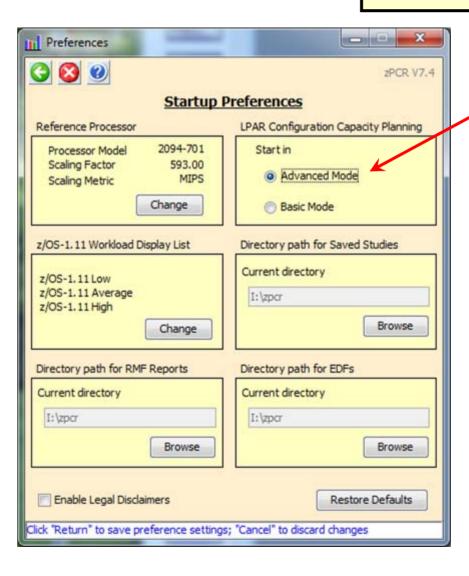
Press Enter Advanced-Mode





zPCR Startup Preferences

Set "Advanced Mode" as the default when starting zPCR



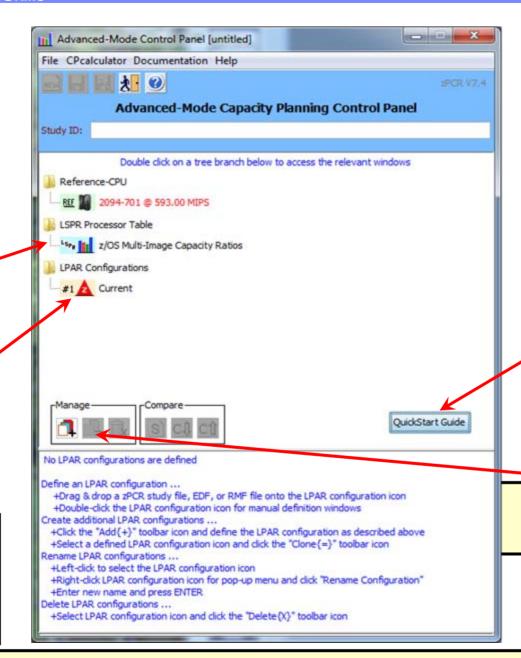
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zPCR Advanced-Mode Capacity Planning Control Panel

View Muli-Image LSPR table

LPAR Configuration
Planning Right "click"
to rename up to 20
characters



View "QuickStart"
Guide

Manage Multiple Configurations

You may drag and drop zPCR study files, RMF reports or EDFs onto the LPAR Configurations planning area or use the file drop down to load zPCR study files.

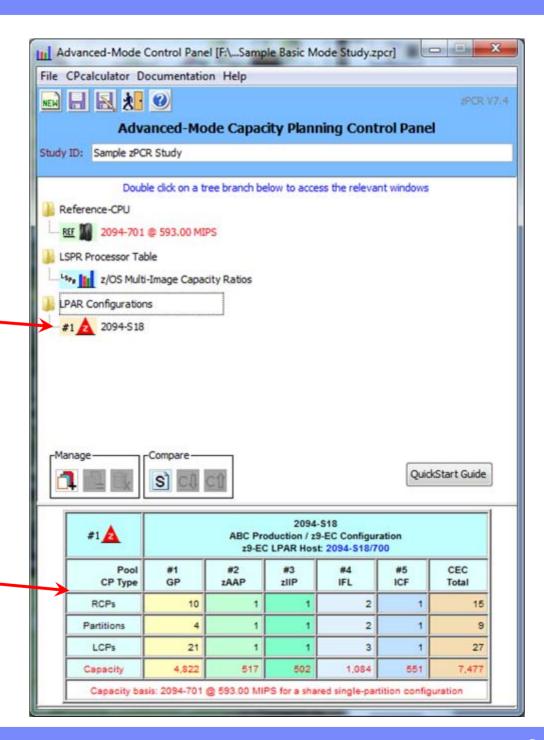


zPCR Advanced-Mode Capacity Planning Control Panel

Configuration Renamed

Configuration Summary

25



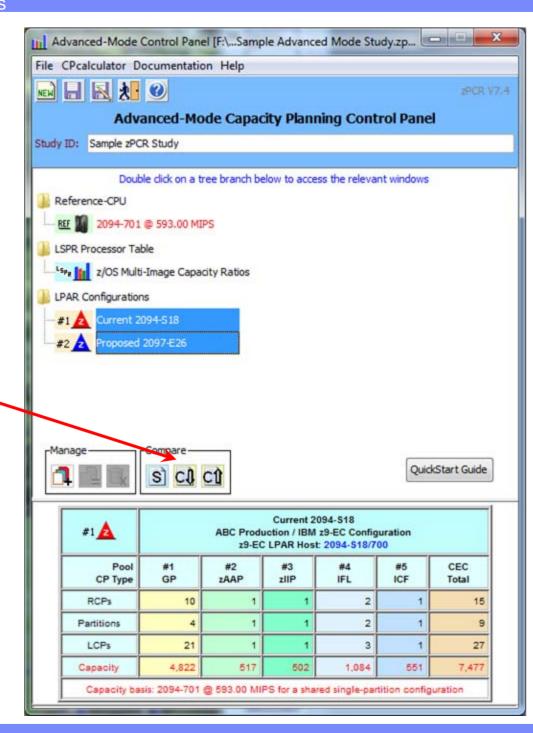
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zPCR Advanced-Mode Capacity Planning Control Panel

Comparison Report

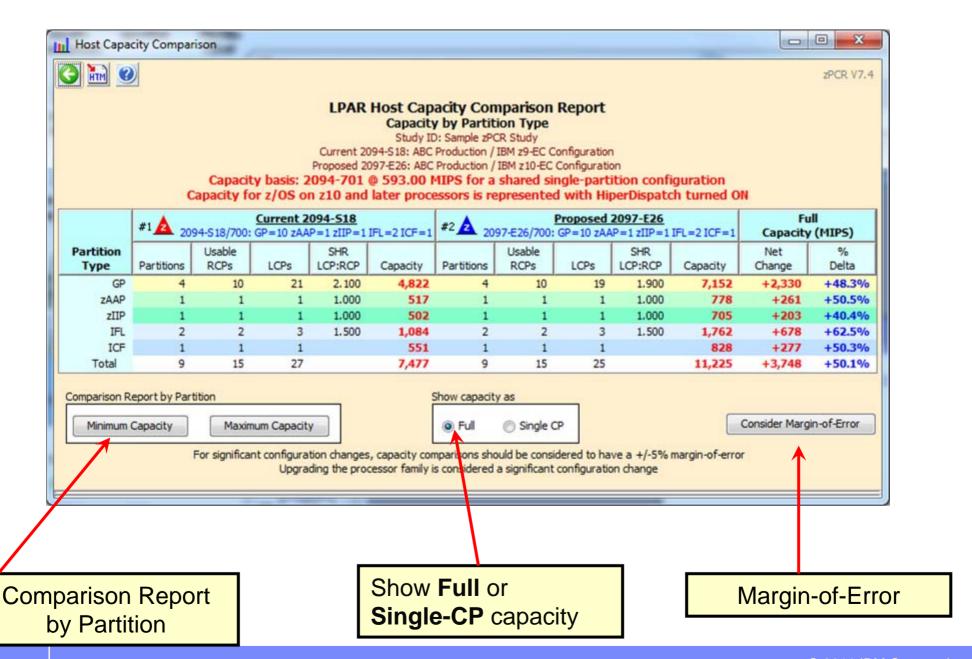
26



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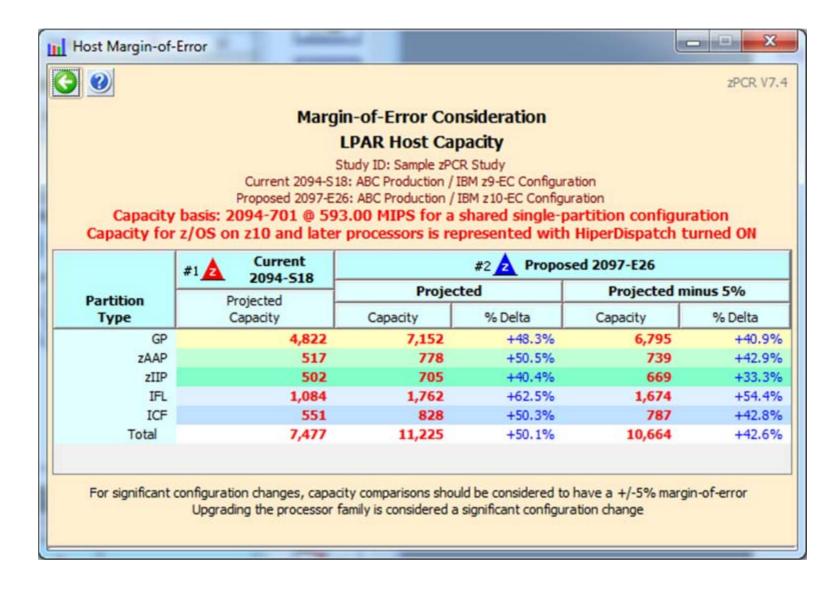


Host Capacity Comparison Report





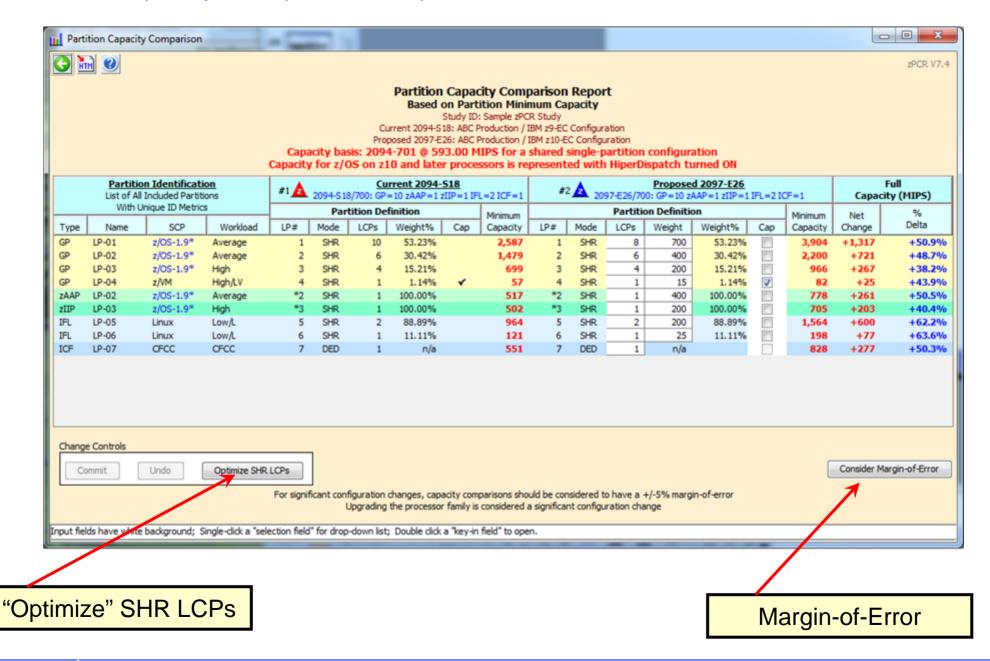
Margin-of-Error Report



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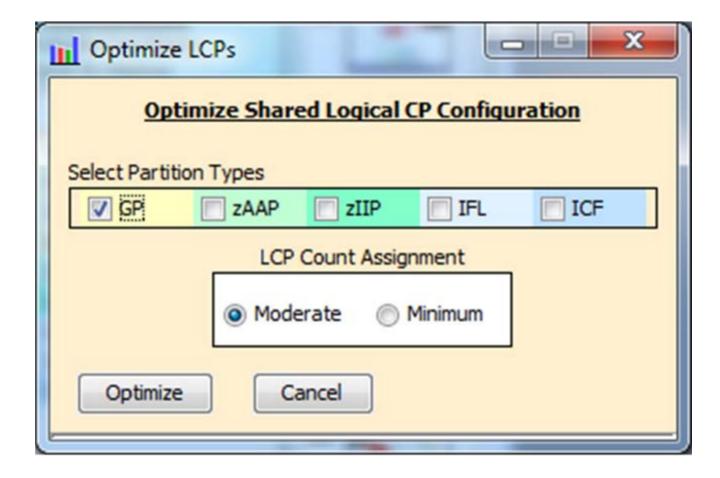
Partition Capacity Comparison Report



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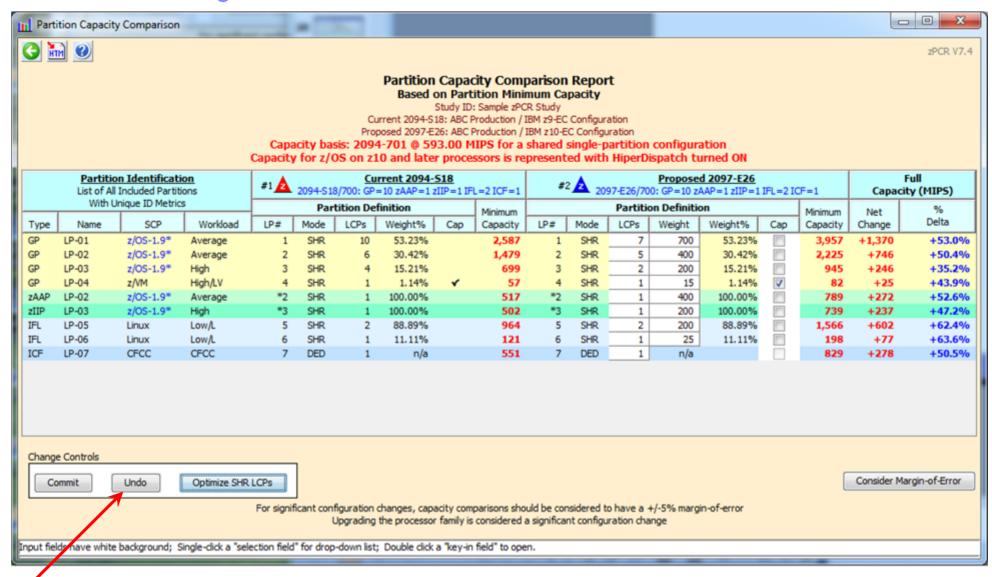


Optimize Share LCP Configuration





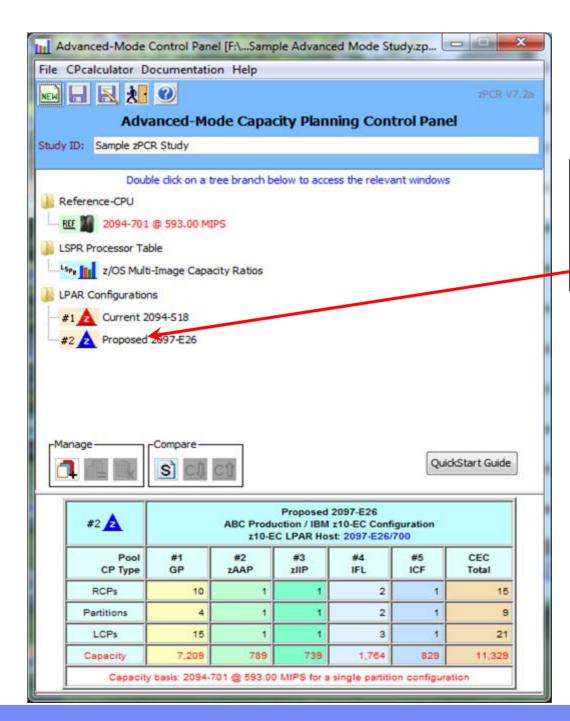
Commit the Changes



Commit or Undo Changes



Add additional partitions from RMF



Select "RMF" report and drag it onto the "Proposed 2097-E26" configuration



RMF Interval Selection

"Proposed 2097-E26" configuration

RMF Interval Selection **3** zPCR V7.4 **RMF Partition Data Report Intervals** #2 Proposed 2097-E26 (ABC Production / IBM z10-EC Configuration) RMF report file: F:\CPSTOOLS\zPCR7.4\RMF Files\RMFsample z990.txt Relative GP Number of Pool 1 GP Pool Interval Processor Interval Active Number Model System ID Date Time Length Partitions Utilization SYSB 09/22/2008 07.59.00 001.00.00 14 99.97% 2084-312 1. 2. SYSB 2084-312 09/23/2008 07.59.00 001.00.00 14 98.90% 3. SYSB 2084-312 09/24/2008 07.59.00 000.59.59 14 94.37% 09/25/2009 14 4. 2084-312 07.59.00 000.59.59 91.63% SYSB 2084-312 09/26/2008 07.59.00 001.00.00 14 93, 10% 6. SYSB 2084-312 09/29/2008 07.59.00 000.59.59 14 99.93% -Default SCP/Workload for Partitions--Table View GP/zAAP/zIIP z/OS Average Linux Low/L Number of intervals: 10 Show All Pools IFL CFCC CFCC ICF Load RMF Report Show Partitions Click on a row to select interval for which zPCR partition definitions are to be created

Select an interval

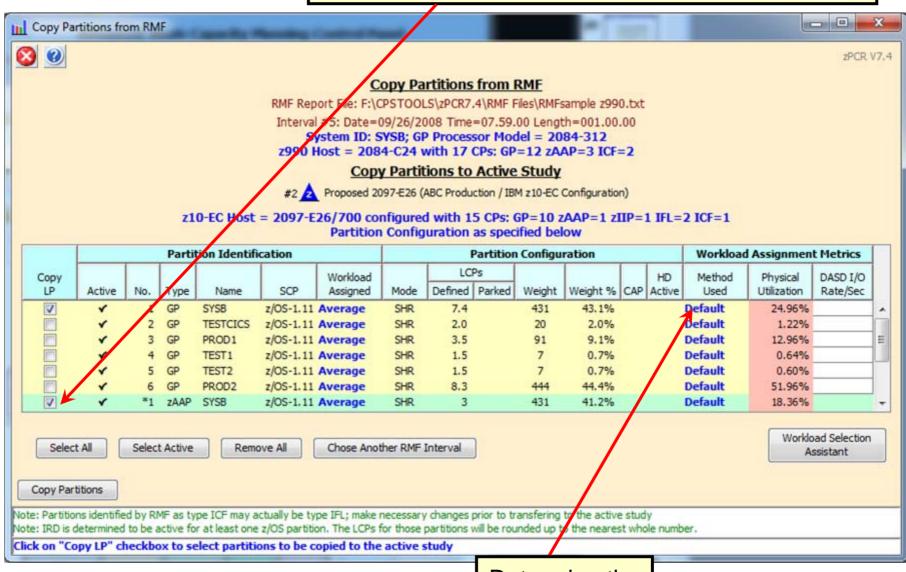
Default SCPs for Partitions

Default z/OS workload is Average



Get specific partitions from RMF

Select the partitions to be added. Note zAAP/zIIP partitions will always follow the GP partition.

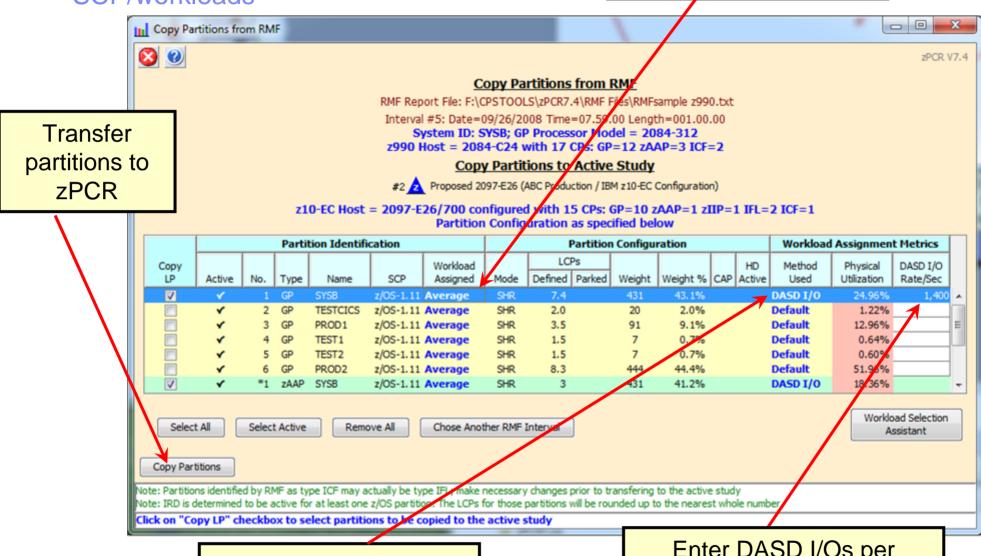


Determine the Workload



Determine the appropriate SCP/workloads

Workload assigned from the "Method" used

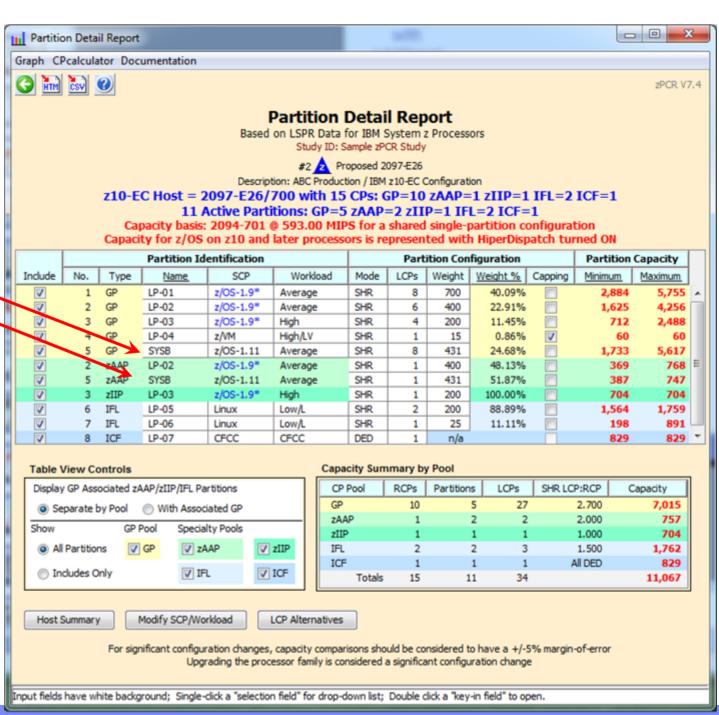


Method used is either "Default" or DASD I/O Enter DASD I/Os per Second from RMF Workload Activity Report



Detail report
with
additional
partitions
added

Added partitions from RMF

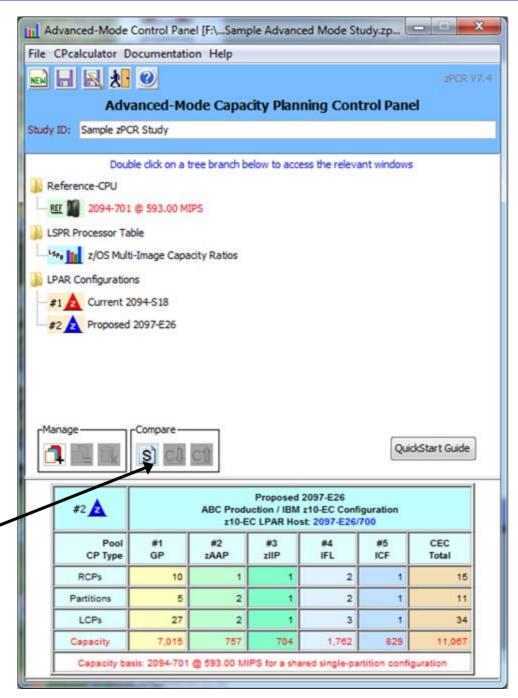


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Show Host Capacity Summary

Click on the Host Capacity Summary icon sto view the report.



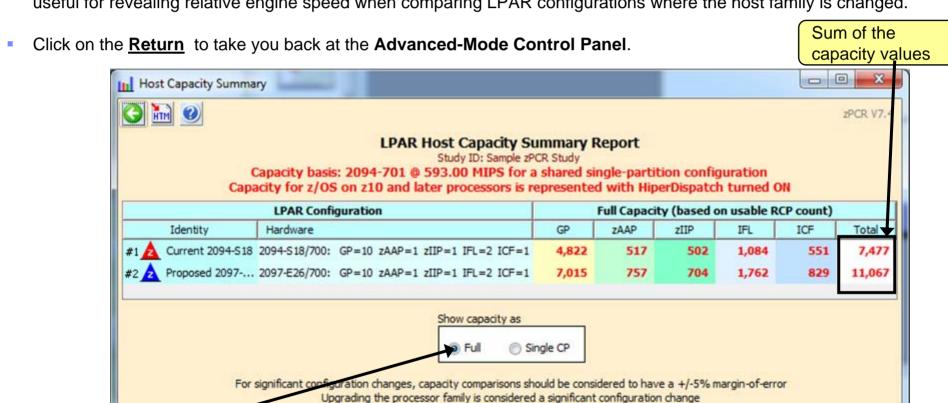
Click Host Capacity Summary

tion mouse on LPAR configuration to display description



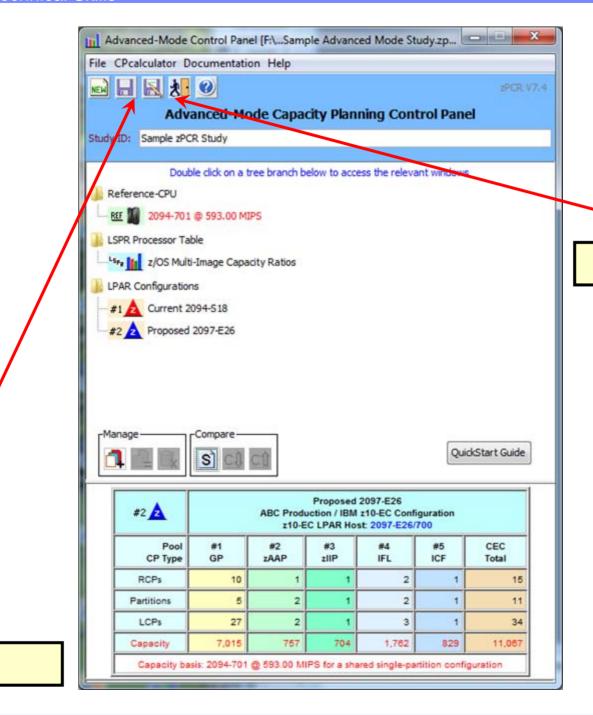
Host Capacity Summary

- For each defined LPAR configuration, its icon and name are provided, along with the processor model information and number of real CPs configured to each pool.
- To display the description field of any LPAR configuration, place the mouse pointer anywhere on that row.
- Capacity projections may be cycled between <u>Full</u> capacity and <u>Single-CP</u> capacity using the radio buttons. This is
 useful for revealing relative engine speed when comparing LPAR configurations where the host family is changed.



Show Full or Single-CP capacity



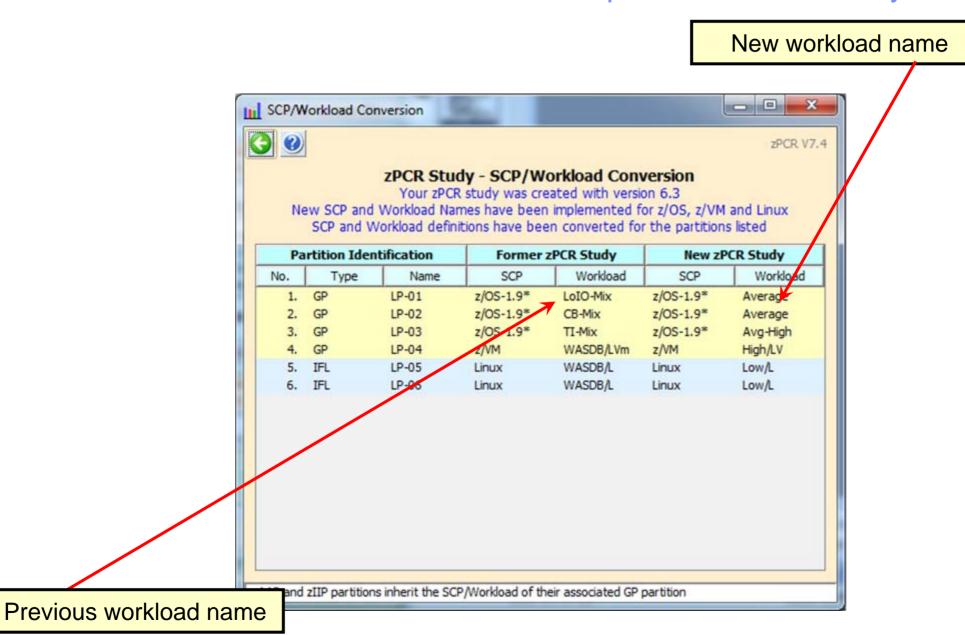


Exit zPCR

Save Study



Automated SCP/Workload conversion for previous zPCR study file...





EDF Input for zPCR

z/OS on System z

Turn on CPU MF to start SMF 113 recording (primary partitions)

Post process SMF data with CP3KEXTR to produce EDF

Get zPCR CP3KEXTR here: http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/PRS4229

Windows PC with zPCR installed

Download EDF (1 per partition) to PC

In zPCR, Get Host and Partitions from EDF

Load EDF(s)

Select a representative interval

Show LPAR Host and its partition configuration

Create LPAR Configuration

- Partition workloads assigned based on DASD I/O or default
- Partitions with SMF 113 data will show "CPU MF Hint" workload

SMF datasets one per partition

CP3KETR runs on z/OS

Creates EDF dataset one per partition on the host

Download the files to the PC

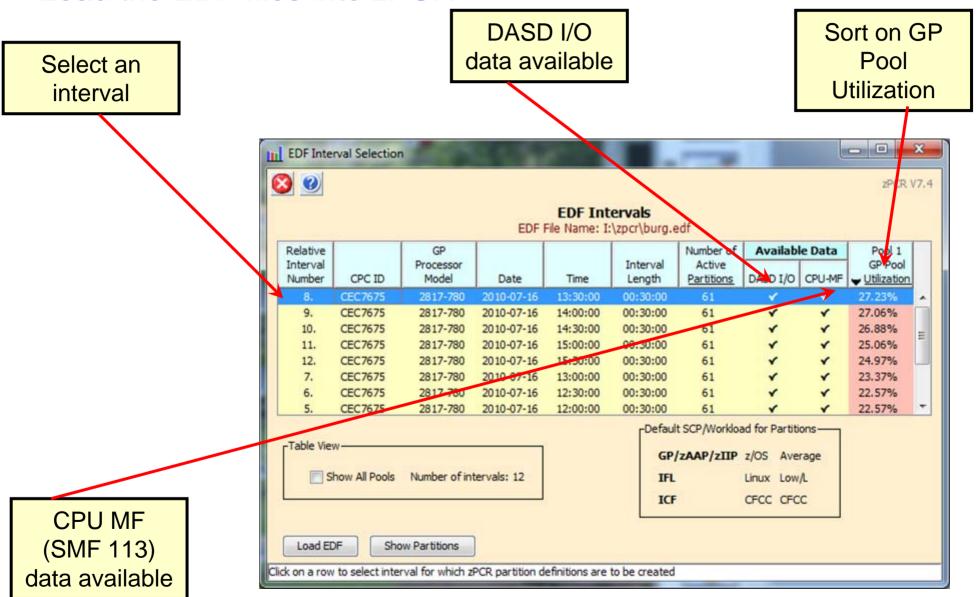


Load the EDF files into zPCR

X LPAR Host and Partition Configuration [untitled] 2PCR V7.4 LPAR Configuration Capacity Planning Get host and partitions Based on LSPR Data for IBM System z Processors from EDF file Study ID: Not specified Description: Enter description here **Logical Partition Configuration LPAR Host Processor** No. of Logical Partition No. of LCP:RCP Processor Family CP Pool Mode Real CPs | Partitions Ratio Processor Model Speed Setting Books Configured Books Unused Maxiumum CPs Maxiumum Partitions CP Type Assigned Unused GP ZAAP zIIP IFL ICF Total **Define LPAR Host Processor Define Partitions** IFL Specify Host ICF Create Host and Partitions From Copy Partitions From EDF RME RMF zPCR Study Capacity Reports Partition Detail Partition Utilized Capacity Host Summary

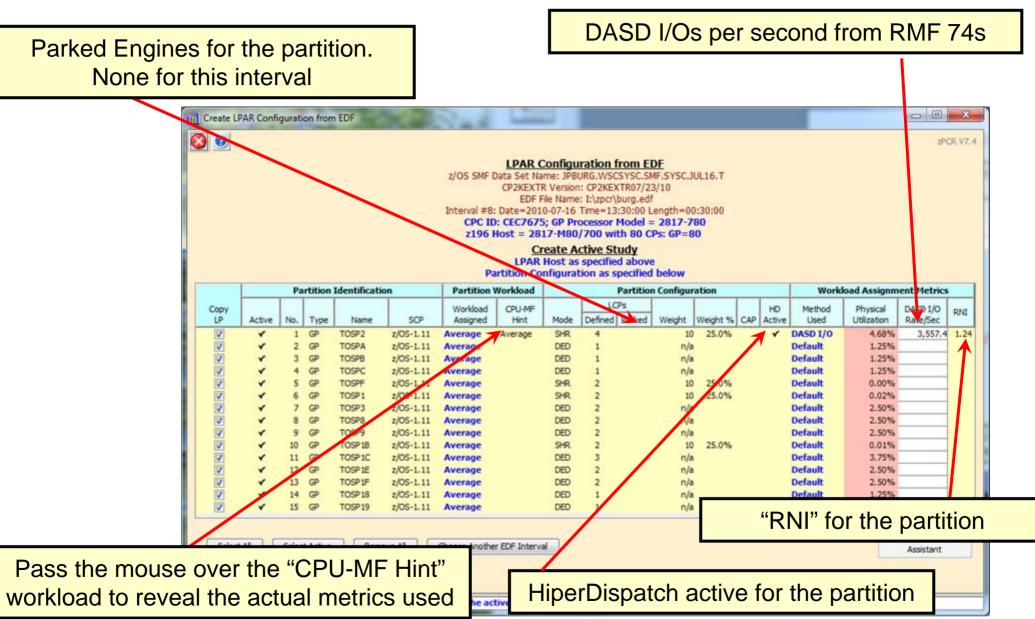


Load the EDF files into zPCR



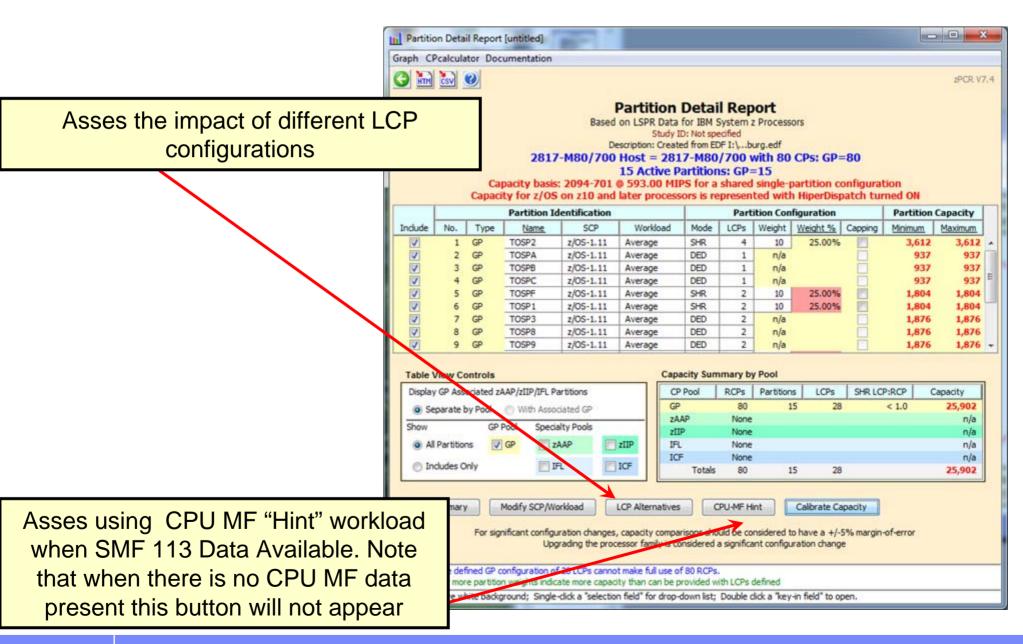


Important Considerations when getting LPAR configuration metrics



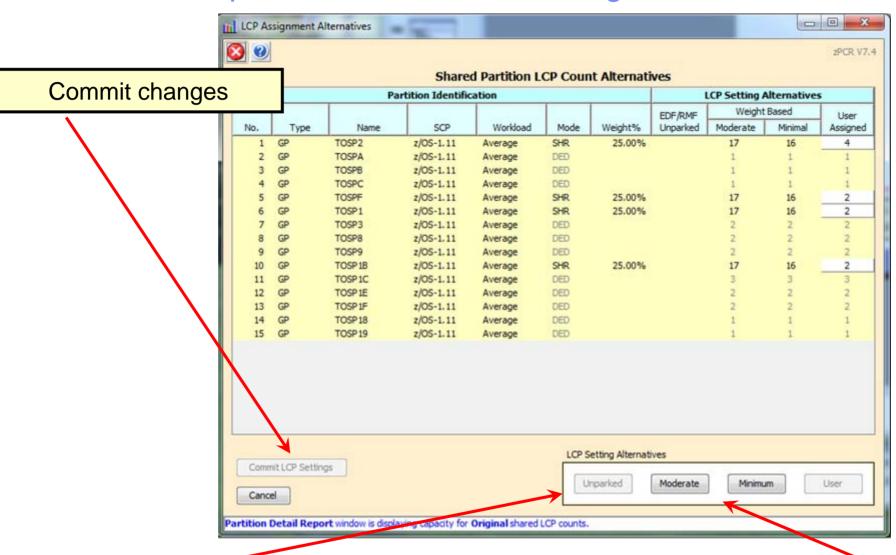


Additional Functions





Asses the impact of different LCP Configurations

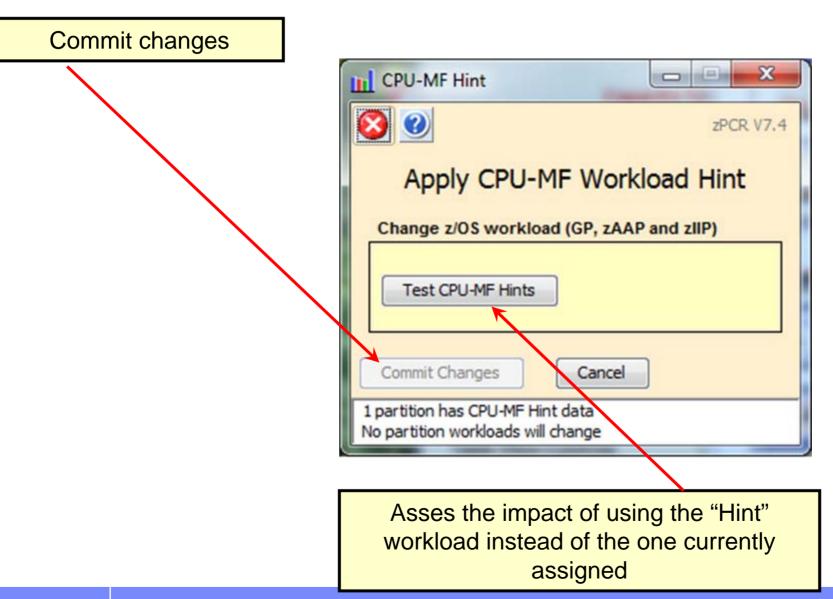


Apply "Parked" engines when available

Asses the impact of adjusting the LCPs based on weight



Asses the impact of using the "Hint" workload



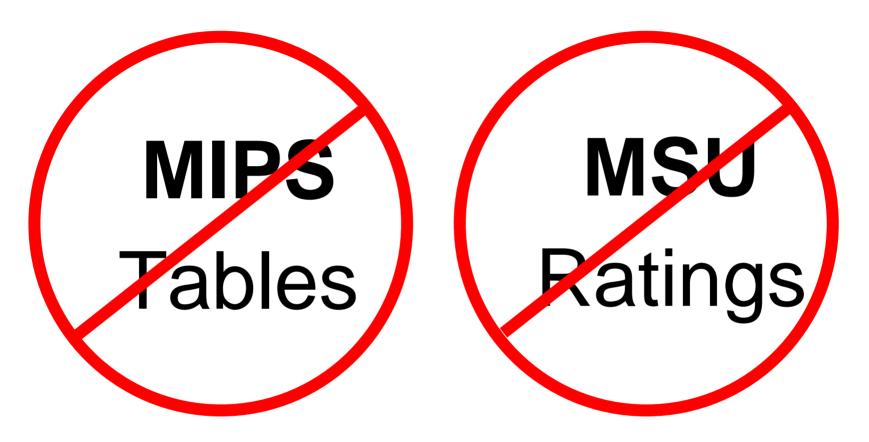


Single Spot on the Web to Get More Information

- zPCR Getting Started Page http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/PRS1381
 - Contains:
 - Downloadable Code
 - zPCR Users Guide
 - External File Layout documentation
 - Technical Support Information
 - Training materials in .avi format (voice over foils)
 - Education Exercises
 - 1 new Advanced Mode Exercise for z10 to z196
 - Registration Information
 - Special Notices and FAQs
- Q&A and defect support are available through email: zpcr@us.ibm.com



IBM System z Capacity Planning in a nutshell



Don't use "single-number tables" for capacity comparisons!

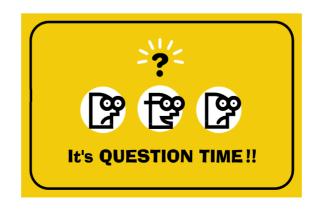
Use zPCR to model before and after configurations



Summary

50

- zPCR models your unique Processor configuration
 - Based on LPARS, weights, # of logical processors, workload mix and Specialty Engines
- Built upon LSPR benchmarks
- Using zPCR is Easy
- Use zPCR to correctly size your processor





Acknowledgements

Many people contributed to this presentation including:

John Fitch

Gary King

Jim Shaw

Brad Snyder

Kathy Walsh



Thank You for attending!



In Advanced-Mode, some zPCR functions are not available

- You cannot return to the Function Selection window
- Basic-mode study files cannot be created
 - Studies will be saved in Advanced-Mode format
- The MI Reference-CPU cannot be set independently of the Reference-CPU
 - While viewing the Multi-image table you may set a "temporary" Reference-CPU.
- Older LSPR Processor Capacity Ratios tables cannot be viewed,
 - Including z/OS-1.8, z/OS-1.6, z/OS-1.4
 - To access these tables, start a second zPCR invocation in "Basic Mode"
 - Be sure the Reference-CPU settings are as desired



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zPCR Capacity Sizing Lab – Part 2 Hands-on Lab

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Agenda

- Lab Exercise Introduction
- Lab Exercise



Overview of Lab Exercise

XYZ Corporation Background

- Currently has System z10 EC
 - 2097-707 (7 way GCPs)
 - Customer views it as having 5100 MIPS
 - Machine averages 92% busy during peak

Plan being developed to replace with z196

- Must have at least 20%+ additional capacity
 - at least 6150 MIPS



Lab Exercise – Tasks to Complete

- Task 1 Create a model of the current LPAR Configuration
- Task 2 Calibrate the model to XYZ Company's capacity designation
- Task 3 Save the current study in Advanced-Mode
- Task 4 Find an appropriate z196 replacement processor
- Task 5 Model the intended LPAR host using Advanced Mode
- Task 6 Review the Capacity results and save the Study
- Additional
 - Model 1 IFL in the proposed configuration
 - Model 1 zAAP in the proposed configuration
- Review Rename function